

Hybrid conformal field theories

Ilarion V. Melnikov

Albert Einstein Institute
Max Planck Institute for Gravitational Physics

forthcoming work with M. Bertolini and M.R. Plesser

Focus and Results

we study

a class of $d = 2$ (2,2) SCFTs with $c_L = c_R = 9$ and $\mathbf{q}_L, \mathbf{q}_R \in \mathbb{Z}$

we obtain

- intrinsic definition of these (2,2) hybrid SCFTs
- massless spacetime spectrum in hybrid limit

Motivation

many (2,2) (!) questions

- isolated (2,2) SCFTs? SCFTs without large radius limit?
- $\mathcal{M}_{(2,2)} \subseteq \mathcal{M}_{(0,2)}$?

stringy results for compactifications

- g_s perturbative II/het compactification **exact in α'**
- a rock&hard place — moduli stabilization vs existence of vacuum
- new computable corners of landscape
- (2,2) — a stepping stone for (0,2)

mathematical physics

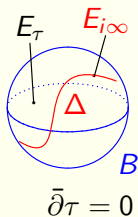
moduli spaces, quantum geometry, mirror symmetry, . . .

Outline

- focus & motivation ✓
- (2,2) constructions
- extrinsic and intrinsic hybrids
- massless spectra
- prospects

Constructions of (2,2) SCFTs

- solvable (R)CFTs : e.g. T^6/Γ & Gepner models
- CY NLSMs
 $\beta_g = \text{Ric}(g) + \alpha'$ corrections
e.g. elliptic (or K3)-fibered 3-fold M
 $\mathcal{M}_{(2,2)} = \mathcal{M}_{\text{cK}} \times \mathcal{M}_{\text{c-x}}$
 $h^1(T_M^*) + h^1(T_M)$ moduli
- RG flow from (2,2) SUSY UV theory
 - ▶ Gauged linear sigma models
 \cup
 - ▶ Landau-Ginzburg orbifolds (\supset Gepner models)



Landau-Ginzburg orbifolds (LGO)

[Zamolodchikov'86; Martinec'89; Vafa&Warner'89; Vafa'89; Kreuzer&Skarke'92, Klemm&Schimmrigk'92...]

- (2,2) chiral superfield $\Phi = \phi + \theta_L \chi + \theta_R \eta + \theta_L \theta_R F + \dots$
- $L = \int d^4\theta \sum_{i=1}^n \Phi_i \bar{\Phi}_i + \int d\theta_L d\theta_R W(\Phi) + \text{c.c.}$

quasi-homogeneous $W(t^{m_i} \Phi_i) = t^N W(\Phi)$

$\implies U(1)_L \times U(1)_R$ chiral symmetry $\mathbf{q}_{L,R}(\Phi_i) = \frac{m_i}{N} \equiv q_i$

Landau-Ginzburg orbifolds (LGO)

[Zamolodchikov'86; Martinec'89; Vafa&Warner'89; Vafa'89; Kreuzer&Skarke'92, Klemm&Schimmrigk'92...]

- (2,2) chiral superfield $\Phi = \phi + \theta_L \chi + \theta_R \eta + \theta_L \theta_R F + \dots$

- $L = \int d^4\theta \sum_{i=1}^n \Phi_i \bar{\Phi}_i + \int d\theta_L d\theta_R W(\Phi) + \text{c.c.}$

quasi-homogeneous $W(t^{m_i} \Phi_i) = t^N W(\Phi)$

$\implies U(1)_L \times U(1)_R$ chiral symmetry $\mathbf{q}_{L,R}(\Phi_i) = \frac{m_i}{N} \equiv q_i$

- RG flow: (2,2) SCFT

- ▶ $c_L = c_R = 3 \sum_i (1 - 2q_i)$

- ▶ (c,c) ring : $R_W \simeq \mathbb{C}[\phi_1, \dots, \phi_n] / \langle \partial_1 W, \dots, \partial_n W \rangle$ “c-x structure”

- ▶ (a,c) ring : $\mathbb{1}$ “(no) cKähler”

Landau-Ginzburg orbifolds (LGO)

[Zamolodchikov'86; Martinec'89; Vafa&Warner'89; Vafa'89; Kreuzer&Skarke'92, Klemm&Schimmrigk'92...]

- (2,2) chiral superfield $\Phi = \phi + \theta_L \chi + \theta_R \eta + \theta_L \theta_R F + \dots$

- $L = \int d^4\theta \sum_{i=1}^n \Phi_i \bar{\Phi}_i + \int d\theta_L d\theta_R W(\Phi) + \text{c.c.}$

quasi-homogeneous $W(t^{m_i} \Phi_i) = t^N W(\Phi)$

$\implies U(1)_L \times U(1)_R$ chiral symmetry $\mathbf{q}_{L,R}(\Phi_i) = \frac{m_i}{N} \equiv q_i$

- RG flow: (2,2) SCFT

- ▶ $c_L = c_R = 3 \sum_i (1 - 2q_i)$

- ▶ (c,c) ring : $R_W \simeq \mathbb{C}[\phi_1, \dots, \phi_n] / \langle \partial_1 W, \dots, \partial_n W \rangle$ “c-x structure”

- ▶ (a,c) ring : $\mathbb{1}$ “(no) cKähler”

- orbifold by $\Gamma \equiv \mathbb{Z}_N$ $\gamma = e^{2\pi i J_{L,0}} \implies \mathbf{q}_{L,R} \in \mathbb{Z}$

- ▶ (a,c) ring \subset twisted sectors

- ▶ \mathbb{Z}_N quantum symmetry

- ▶ II/heterotic GSO \rightarrow Minkowski SUSY string vacua.

LGO Example

$$W = \Phi_1^3 + \Phi_2^3 + \Phi_3^3 - 3\xi\Phi_1\Phi_2\Phi_3 \quad q_i = \frac{1}{3} \quad \Gamma = \mathbb{Z}_3$$

- $L \supset V(\phi, \bar{\phi}) = |dW|^2$

$$dW^{-1}(0) = \{\phi_i = 0\} \iff \dim R_W < \infty \iff \Delta \equiv \xi^3 - 1 \neq 0$$

LGO Example

$$W = \Phi_1^3 + \Phi_2^3 + \Phi_3^3 - 3\xi\Phi_1\Phi_2\Phi_3 \quad q_i = \frac{1}{3} \quad \Gamma = \mathbb{Z}_3$$

- $L \supset V(\phi, \bar{\phi}) = |dW|^2$

$$dW^{-1}(0) = \{\phi_i = 0\} \iff \dim R_W < \infty \iff \Delta \equiv \xi^3 - 1 \neq 0$$

- RG flow to $c_L = c_R = 3$ SCFT

1 marginal (c,c) [ξ], 1 marginal (a,c)—twisted modulus

$$\implies T^2 \text{ NLSM at special value of } B + iJ \equiv Z_0$$

LGO Example

$$W = \Phi_1^3 + \Phi_2^3 + \Phi_3^3 - 3\xi\Phi_1\Phi_2\Phi_3 \quad q_i = \frac{1}{3} \quad \Gamma = \mathbb{Z}_3$$

- $L \supset V(\phi, \bar{\phi}) = |dW|^2$

$$dW^{-1}(0) = \{\phi_i = 0\} \iff \dim R_W < \infty \iff \Delta \equiv \xi^3 - 1 \neq 0$$

- RG flow to $c_L = c_R = 3$ SCFT

1 marginal (c,c) $[\xi]$, 1 marginal (a,c)—twisted modulus

$\implies T^2$ NLSM at special value of $B + iJ \equiv Z_0$

$$E_{\tau(\xi)} = \{W = 0\} \subset \mathbb{CP}^2[\phi_1 : \phi_2 : \phi_3]$$

- $\xi = 0$: Gepner model $(A_2 \oplus A_2 \oplus A_2)/\mathbb{Z}_3$

LGO Example

$$W = \Phi_1^3 + \Phi_2^3 + \Phi_3^3 - 3\xi\Phi_1\Phi_2\Phi_3 \quad q_i = \frac{1}{3} \quad \Gamma = \mathbb{Z}_3$$

- $L \supset V(\phi, \bar{\phi}) = |dW|^2$

$$dW^{-1}(0) = \{\phi_i = 0\} \iff \dim R_W < \infty \iff \Delta \equiv \xi^3 - 1 \neq 0$$

- RG flow to $c_L = c_R = 3$ SCFT

1 marginal (c,c) $[\xi]$, 1 marginal (a,c)—twisted modulus

$$\implies T^2 \text{ NLSM at special value of } B + iJ \equiv Z_0$$

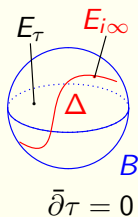
$$E_{\tau(\xi)} = \{W = 0\} \subset \mathbb{CP}^2[\phi_1 : \phi_2 : \phi_3]$$

- $\xi = 0$: Gepner model $(A_2 \oplus A_2 \oplus A_2)/\mathbb{Z}_3$

- A special case of CY / LGO correspondence.

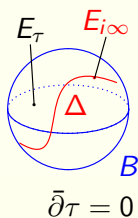
Inevitability of hybrids

Elliptic (K3) fibered CY M



Inevitability of hybrids

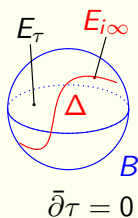
Elliptic (K3) fibered CY M



$$(B+iJ)(E) \rightarrow Z_0$$

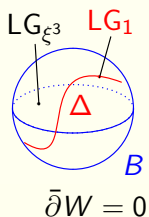
Inevitability of hybrids

Elliptic (K3) fibered CY M



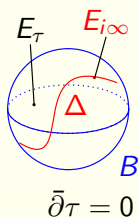
$$(B+iJ)(E) \rightarrow Z_0$$

LGO fibered over B



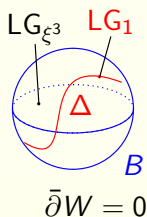
Inevitability of hybrids

Elliptic (K3) fibered CY M



$$(B+iJ)(E) \rightarrow Z_0$$

LGO fibered over B

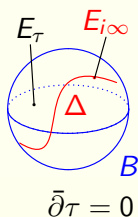


Hybrid limit : locus in $\mathcal{M}_{cK}(M)$ with small fiber, large base

with UV model as LGO fibered over B

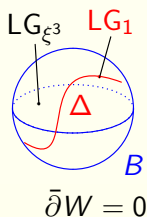
Inevitability of hybrids

Elliptic (K3) fibered CY M



$$(B+iJ)(E) \rightarrow Z_0$$

LGO fibered over B



Hybrid limit : locus in $\mathcal{M}_{\text{cK}}(M)$ with small fiber, large base

with UV model as LGO fibered over B

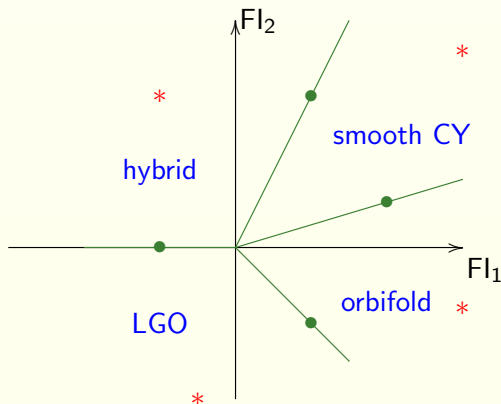
Hybrid SCFT \equiv SCFT with UV model as LGO fibered over B

Extrinsic hybrids via GLSM [Aspinwall et al'93;Witten'93]

GLSM : d=2 gauge theory $G \supseteq U(1)^r$; $\{iFI + \theta\} \subseteq \mathcal{M}_{\text{cK}}(M)$

phases \equiv EFT in IR at $\{*\}$

$\{*\}$ smoothly connected

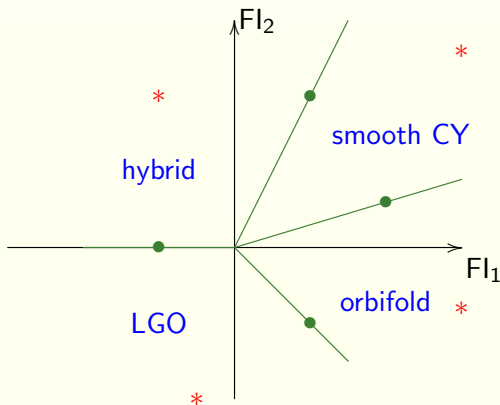


Extrinsic hybrids via GLSM [Aspinwall et al'93;Witten'93]

GLSM : d=2 gauge theory $G \supseteq U(1)^r$; $\{iFI + \theta\} \subseteq \mathcal{M}_{\text{ck}}(M)$

phases \equiv EFT in IR at $\{*\}$

$\{*\}$ smoothly connected



- compute RG-invariants at $*$ in weakly coupled theory
- hybrid phases ubiquitous; now as computable as LGO or CY

Intrinsic hybrids

- (2,2) NLSM with Kähler target \mathbf{Y}_0 and $W(y) : \mathbf{Y}_0 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$
potential condition : $dW^{-1}(0) = B$, B smooth, compact $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} B = d$
- hybrid geometry: model space in IR

$\mathbf{Y} \equiv \text{tot}(X \rightarrow B)$, X is holo rank n bundle

$y = (\phi, u)$ local coordinates

$W = \sum_{\bar{a}} f_{\bar{a}}(u) \prod_i \phi_i^{a_i}$ holo section of $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbf{Y}}$

- simplest choice: $X = \bigoplus_i L_i \implies f_{\bar{a}}$ holo section of $\bigotimes_i L_i^{-a_i}$

Intrinsic hybrids

- (2,2) NLSM with Kähler target \mathbf{Y}_0 and $W(y) : \mathbf{Y}_0 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$
potential condition : $dW^{-1}(0) = B$, B smooth, compact $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} B = d$
- hybrid geometry: model space in IR

$\mathbf{Y} \equiv \text{tot}(X \rightarrow B)$, X is holo rank n bundle

$y = (\phi, u)$ local coordinates

$W = \sum_{\bar{a}} f_{\bar{a}}(u) \prod_i \phi_i^{a_i}$ holo section of $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbf{Y}}$

- simplest choice: $X = \bigoplus_i L_i \implies f_{\bar{a}}$ holo section of $\bigotimes_i L_i^{-a_i}$
- 2 familiar examples: $B = \text{compact CY}$; $B = \text{pt} \implies \text{LGO}$

Intrinsic hybrids : symmetries

- $U(1)_L \times U(1)_R$ crucial for UV \leftrightarrow IR connection

Intrinsic hybrids : symmetries

- $U(1)_L \times U(1)_R$ crucial for UV \leftrightarrow IR connection

- ▶ $c_1(T_Y) = c_1(T_B) + c_1(X) = 0$ we take $K_Y = \mathcal{O}_Y$

- ▶ holo Killing vector V with $\mathcal{L}_V W = W$.

- good vs pseudo hybrids

Intrinsic hybrids : symmetries

- $U(1)_L \times U(1)_R$ crucial for UV \leftrightarrow IR connection

▶ $c_1(T_Y) = c_1(T_B) + c_1(X) = 0$ we take $K_Y = \mathcal{O}_Y$

▶ holo Killing vector V with $\mathcal{L}_V W = W$.

- good vs pseudo hybrids

▶ for a good hybrid V is vertical vector field $\sum_i q_i \phi_i \partial_i$.

\implies fibered LGO over B a good description

▶ pseudo-hybrids : R-symmetry acts on base bosons

mysterious

in GLSM $\{*\}$ can be at finite distance and singular [Aspinwall&Plesser'09]

? pseudo-hybrid = singular SCFT?

Intrinsic hybrids : symmetries

- $U(1)_L \times U(1)_R$ crucial for UV \leftrightarrow IR connection

- ▶ $c_1(T_Y) = c_1(T_B) + c_1(X) = 0$ we take $K_Y = \mathcal{O}_Y$
- ▶ holo Killing vector V with $\mathcal{L}_V W = W$.

- good vs pseudo hybrids

- ▶ for a good hybrid V is vertical vector field $\sum_i q_i \phi_i \partial_i$.

\implies fibered LGO over B a good description

- ▶ pseudo-hybrids : R-symmetry acts on base bosons

mysterious

in GLSM $\{*\}$ can be at finite distance and singular [Aspinwall&Plesser'09]

? pseudo-hybrid = singular SCFT?

- SUSY $\mathbf{Q}_{L,R} \bar{\mathbf{Q}}_{L,R} \quad \bar{\mathbf{Q}}_R \stackrel{\text{eom}}{=} \bar{\mathbf{Q}}_0 + \bar{\mathbf{Q}}_W \quad \{\bar{\mathbf{Q}}_0, \bar{\mathbf{Q}}_W\} = 0$

$\bar{\mathbf{Q}}_0 = \bar{\mathbf{Q}}_R$ in $W = 0$ theory; $\bar{\mathbf{Q}}_W$ is "correction"

2 nilpotent anti-commuting operators \rightarrow spectral sequence

Intrinsic hybrids: UV \rightarrow IR connection

- $N = 2$ algebra in $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_R$ cohomology [Fre et al'92;Witten'93;Silverstein&Witten'95]
 - ▶ $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_R$ -closed left-moving operators T, G^\pm, J
 - ▶ curved $bc - \beta\gamma$ system realization for good hybrid
 - ▶ satisfy $N = 2$ SCA with $c = 3d + 3 \sum_i (1 - 2q_i)$
- hybrid limit: large radius limit for B
 - ▶ \implies world-sheet instantons suppressed
 - ▶ use $bc - \beta\gamma$ to construct $H_{\overline{\mathbf{Q}}}$; grade by L_0 and J_0
 - ▶ exact results up to world-sheet instantons in the base!
- curved $bc - \beta\gamma$ perfect tool for (0,2) LGO&NLSM [Kawai&Mohri'94;Nekrasov'05;Witten'05;IVM'09]

Massless heterotic hybrid spectra

- orbifold by $\Gamma = \mathbb{Z}_N$
 - ▶ II/het GSO \implies SUSY string vacuum
 - \implies massless fermions : $H_{\overline{\mathbb{Q}}_R} \subset (R,R)$ & (NS,R) sectors
 - ▶ hybrid **orbi-bundles** e.g. $X = \mathcal{O}(-5/2) \oplus \mathcal{O}(-3/2) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^3$
- massless heterotic $E_6 \times E_8$ singlets
 - ▶ CY : $h^1(T_M^*) + h^1(T_M) + h^1(\text{End } T_M)$ ws instantons in M
 - ▶ LGO : twisted $(R,R) + (NS,R)$ sectors [Kachru&Witten'93] exact
 - ▶ hybrid : twisted $(R,R) + (NS,R)$ sectors ws instantons in B

Massless heterotic hybrid spectra

- orbifold by $\Gamma = \mathbb{Z}_N$
 - ▶ II/het GSO \implies SUSY string vacuum
 - \implies massless fermions : $H_{\overline{Q}_R} \subset (R,R)$ & (NS,R) sectors
 - ▶ hybrid **orbi-bundles** e.g. $X = \mathcal{O}(-5/2) \oplus \mathcal{O}(-3/2) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^3$
- massless heterotic $E_6 \times E_8$ singlets
 - ▶ CY : $h^1(T_M^*) + h^1(T_M) + h^1(\text{End } T_M)$ ws instantons in M
 - ▶ LGO : twisted $(R,R) + (NS,R)$ sectors [Kachru&Witten'93] exact
 - ▶ hybrid : twisted $(R,R) + (NS,R)$ sectors ws instantons in B
- unprotected quantity determined exactly at limiting points in \mathcal{M}_{ck}
a window into stringy corrections
general lesson: jumping mild, unexplained by known
non-renormalization results [Silverstein&Witten'95; Basu&Sethi'02; Beasley&Witten'02]

Prospects

- Good (2,2) hybrids — a large playground!
 - ▶ natural unifying framework for CY + LGO
 - ▶ amenable to quantitative analysis
 - ▶ a world-sheet instanton laboratory **instantons in $B = \mathbb{P}^1$ vs in quintic**
 - ▶ (1/2) TFT for hybrids — beyond spectra
- How do hybrids fit into GLSM world?
[Caldadaru et al'07;Addington,Segal&Sharpe'12;Halverson,Kumar&Morrison'13]
 - ▶ may be possible to classify à la Kreuzer&Skarke
 - ▶ does every good hybrid have a GLSM embedding?
 - ▶ are pseudo-hybrids singular?
- (0,2) hybrids : a much larger world
 - ▶ existence of SCFT more delicate
 - ▶ interplay between LG and base anomalies
 - ▶ potentially new classes of SCFTs
 - ▶ insights into (0,2) moduli space
[Distler&Kachru'93-'95;Kawai&Mohri'94;...;Anderson et al'11;Blumenhagen&Rahn'11;Aspinwall&Plesser'11;Błaszczuk et al'11; IVM&Sharpe'11]